

Compare the following fractions without finding a common denominator. Use number sense to determine your answer mentally. Circle the greater fraction and describe the reasoning you used.

Fractions	Reasoning
$\begin{array}{ c c }\hline\hline\hline\hline\\\hline\hline\\\hline\hline\\\hline\hline\\\hline\\\hline\\\hline\\\hline\\\hline\\\hline\\\hline\\\hline\\\hline\\\hline\\\hline\\\hline\\$	Strategy: Common Numerators One twelfth is greater than one fifteenth. Seven larger parts is greater than seven smaller parts.
$\frac{9}{10} \underbrace{99}_{100}$	Strategy: Compare to one Reasoning: Both fractions are one part less than one. One tenth is greater than one hundredth. Ninety-nine hundredths is missing a smaller part.
$\frac{7}{16} \begin{pmatrix} 9\\ 12 \end{pmatrix}$	Strategy 1: Compare to one half Reasoning: Seven sixteenths is less than one half, and nine twelfths is more than one half. Strategy 2: Compare size of parts Reasoning: Nine twelfths has larger parts and more parts than seven sixteenths.
$\underbrace{\frac{57}{100}}_{3}$	Strategy: Compare to one half Reasoning: Three eighths is less than one half and fifty-seven hundredths is more than one half.
$\frac{3}{4}$ $\left(\frac{4}{5}\right)$	Strategy: Compare to one Reasoning: Both fractions are one part less than one. One fifth is less than one fourth. Four fifths is missing a smaller part.
$\left(\frac{\frac{8}{10}}{10}\right)\frac{\frac{8}{20}}{20}$	Strategy: Common Numerators Reasoning: One tenth is larger than one twentieth. Eight larger parts are greater than eight smaller parts.
$\begin{array}{ c c }\hline \hline 4\\ \hline 9\\ \hline 9\\ \hline 30\\ \hline \end{array}$	Strategy: Common Numerators Reasoning: One ninth is larger than one thirtieth. Four larger parts are greater than four smaller parts.

